QUESTIONS TO ACCOMPAN

CHAPTER 1: DESIGN IN CONTEXT

1 List the three market levels designers generally work within. 2 What should a design brief include? 3 What are the four main design styles in printed textiles? True or False? Resist printing involves the carving of a pattern or image on a woodblock. 5 _ printing works on the principle of stencilling. 6 The sublimation process is used in which type of printing? a. copper plate b. relief c. engraved roller d. heat transfer e. none of the above f. all of the above 7 Name the three printing methods most used commercially today. 8 Briefly explain how you might investigate a target market. 9 True or False? 'Bubble up' and 'trickle down' effects are initiated by the same source. 10 is the process of encouraging consumer dissatisfaction with a product because it has become 'unfashionable'.

What are the main methods of communication used to provide information on new ideas, trends and

predictions?



QUESTIONS TO ACCOMPAN'

CHAPTER 2: DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS

- 1 What is the purpose of drawing for the printed textile designer?
- 2 Name three theorists involved in defining colour theory.
- 3 True or False? Secondary colours are produced by mixing the three primary colours together.
- 4 Which primary and secondary colours are in the subtractive colour wheel? Which are in the additive colour wheel?
- What problems can occur with colour when designing digitally?
- **6** Explain what is meant by the following three terms:
 - a. value
 - b. chroma
 - c. saturation

How might you use each definition when describing a colour?

7 _____ is
the perception that colour is altered when used
against the colour adjacent to its complement on the
subtractive colour wheel.

- **8** A tone is a colour with the addition of?
 - a. black
 - b. grey
 - c. white
 - d. yellow
 - e. none of the above
- **9** Why are harmonious colours pleasing to the eye? Briefly describe three harmonious colour relationships.
- Particularly within fashion contexts, seasonal colour palettes emerge. Explain what is meant by long-term core colours, mid-term fashion colours and short-term fashion colours.

- What is the standard size of a pattern repeat in rotary screen printing?
 - a. 210 mm (8 in)
 - b. 64 cm (25 in)
 - c. 42 cm (16 in)
 - d. none of the above Why is it this size?
- **12** What is a motif or element?
- 13 Name the different types of repeating patterns that can be used in textile design.

11

12

work?

QUESTIONS TO ACCOMPAN'

CHAPTER 3: THE DESIGN PROCESS

1	Describe ways of exploring composition and scale in your drawings.
2	List the resources/materials required to produce a one-colour stencil print.
3	To print a seven-colour design how many individual colour separations need to be produced? a. 4 b. 7 c. 6 d. 10 e. none of the above
4	In four-colour process printing which colours are typically used? a. cyan, magenta, yellow and khaki b. cerise, magenta, yellow and black c. red, blue, yellow and white d. cyan, magenta, yellow and black e. none of the above
5	Transfer printing works most effectively onfabrics such as
6	Briefly explain the difference between direct and indirect transfer printing.
7	printing is the term often used to describe printing directly onto fabric through an inkjet printing process.
8	True or False? In direct monoprinting ink is applied to a flat, non-absorbent surface and tools used to make marks into the paste. A piece of fabric is then placed on the surface and rubbed.
9	How do you apply flock or foil to fabric?
10	What is devoré printing?

What does discharge printing do? Are there any special factors required in order for this process to

What does illuminating discharge achieve?



QUESTIONS TO ACCOMPANY

CHAPTER 4: MANUFACTURING, MATERIALS AND DESIGN CHOICES

- What are the three main decisions which need to be made when a textile design is going to be bulk printed?
- 2 Name the two construction methods for most fabrics that are printed upon.
- 3 There are two types of natural fibres. Name both and give some examples for each.
- The two types of manufactured fibres are cellulosic regenerated or derived fibres and synthetic petroleum-based fibres. Give three examples for each of these types.
- Cotton is a diverse fibre and is used in massive quantities. What are the main concerns about its environmental impact?
- Wool is thought to be a sustainable fibre as it is renewable, but what environmental issues are there relating to its use?
- 7 True or False? There are no ethical concerns in relation to silk worms and the production of silk.
- 8 Linen is derived from which plant?
 - a. cotton plant
 - b. flax plant
 - c. mulberry tree
 - d. bamboo
 - e. none of the above
- **9** What are the sustainable benefits of using linen?
- **10** Nylon was first produced in which year?
 - a. 1905
 - b. 1935
 - c. 1950
 - d. 1980
 - e. none of the above
- 11 What are recycled/regenerated polymers?
- 12 True or False? Man-made cellulosic fibres are processed from wood pulp and leaves from fast-growing trees.
- 13 The first synthetic dye was produced in ____ and is known as ______.

- **14** What are mordants? Name three of them.
- Name the appropriate fabric and the fixing mechanism for each of the following dyes:
 - a. acid dye
 - b. direct dye
 - c. disperse dye
 - d. reactive dye
 - e. vat dyes
 - f. pigments
- How many metres of fabric can be printed per minute using rotary screen printing and digital printing?
- What creative possibilities have emerged through the use of digital printing?
- What are the three main sustainability issues in textile production today?



QUESTIONS TO ACCOMPAN'

CHAPTER 6: BECOMING A TEXTILE DESIGNER

- Why is critical judgement an important aspect of becoming an autonomous printed textile designer?
- What is a design collection?
- Which methods can you use to promote yourself and your skills?
- 4 What sizes is printed textile design work (digital and hand-developed) usually presented in?
- What types of work should you show in your portfolio?
- The resolution of images on a digital portfolio should be no less than _____ dpi.
- 7 List four golden rules that should apply to your CV.
- 8 What does IP stand for?
 - a. intelligent procedure
 - b. internet protocol
 - c. inkjet printing
 - d. intellectual property
 - e. none of the above
- **9** True or False? It is acceptable to include a downloaded image from the internet in your design collection.
- 10 If a company asks to see your collection in a digital format what should you send them?